

"Understanding COBIT 5"

based on ISACA© Materials www.isaca.org/cobit



Session Objectives

- Why COBIT is important
- What COBIT 5 is
 - Framework
 - Implementation Life Cycle
 - Process Reference Model
 - Process Assessment Method
- How to use COBIT
- What is different about COBIT 5 vs. COBIT 4.1











Enabling Processes



Personal Copy of: Ms. Debra L. Mallette



Personal Copy of: Ms. Debra L. Mallette

Governance and Management

of Enterprise IT



Why is COBIT important to Your Enterprise?

- IT audit and assurance de-facto standard
- Governance, Risk and Compliance
- Information Security
- Business value focused IT Process Framework
- □ ITIL, CMMI and PMBOK synergies
- Governance and Management processes
- "How to" monitor, evaluate, assess and improve business process performance



COBIT Framework to Achieve Business Goals

Achieve Operational Excellence Generate
Business Value

Optimize Costs

Make
Quality Business
Decisions



Maintain acceptable level of IT-related risk

Information

Technology







A Business Framework for the Governance and Management of Enterprise IT



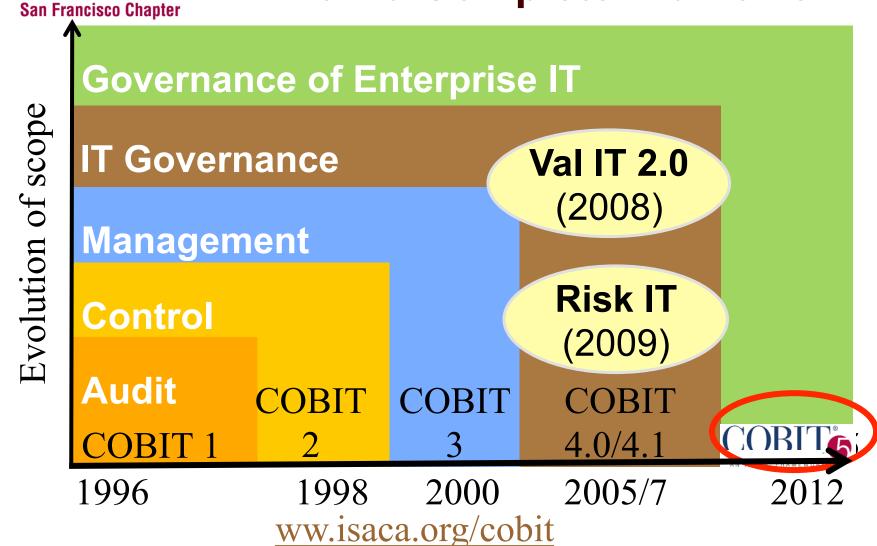
Personal Copy of: Ms. Debra L. Mallette

A Business Framework for the Governance and Management of Enterprise IT

- •Five Principles
- Seven Enablers
- •Governance and Management
- •Implementation Lifecycle
- Assessment Approach



Now a Complete Framework!



Date: Thursday, March 7, 2013

ISACA Silicon Valley Chapter Spring 2013
Conference

Page:7



1. Meeting Stakeholder Needs

COBIT 5 – Five Principles

5. Separating
Governance
From
Management

COBIT 5
Principles

2. Covering the Enterprise End-to-End

4. Enabling a HolisticApproach

3. Applying a Single Integrated Framework

Date: Thursday, March 7, 2013

ISACA Silicon Valley Chapter Spring 2013 Conference



Principle 1. Meeting Stakeholder Needs



Governance Objective: Create Value

BenefitsRealization

Risk Optimization

ResourceOptimization



Stakeholder Needs

Drive

Influences

Governance Objective: Create Value

BenefitsRealization

RiskOptimization

ResourceOptimization

Enterprise Goals

IT Related Goals

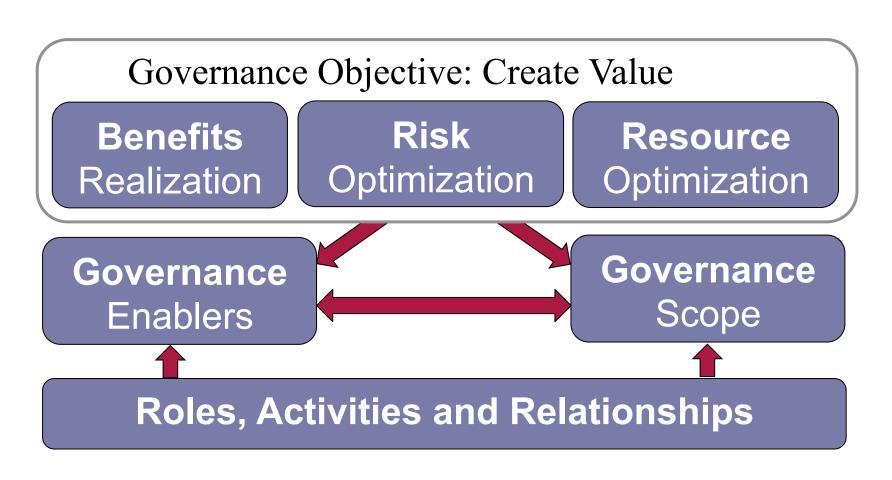
Enabler Goals

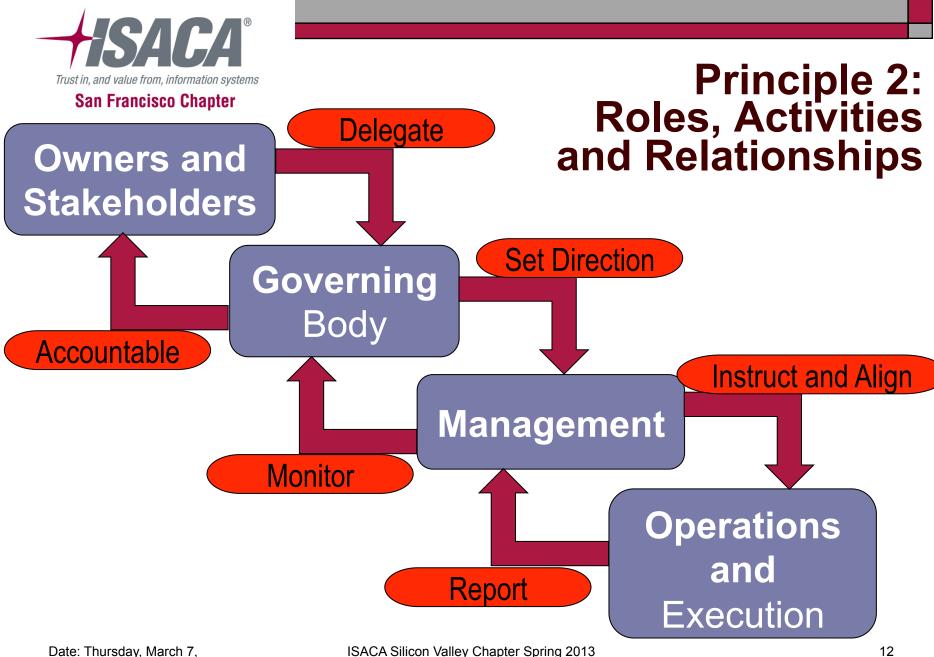
Cascades to

Cascades to



Principle 2. Covering the Enterprise End-to-End





Date: Thursday, March 7, 2013

ISACA Silicon Valley Chapter Spring 2013
Conference



Principle 3: Applying a Single Integrated Framework

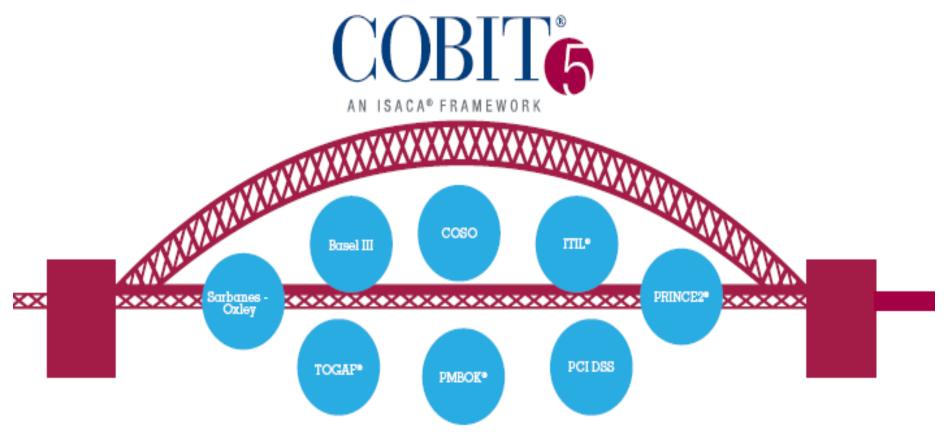


Diagram excerpt from COBIT 5 Essential Facts - Fact 4: "COBIT 5 brings order to complex standards, regulations and frameworks"



Principle 4. Enabling a Holistic Approach

Processes

Organizational Structures

Culture, Ethics and Behavior

Principles, Policies and Frameworks

Information

Services
Infrastructure
Applications

People, Skills and Competencies

RESOURCES



Enablers and Performance

Stakeholders

- Internal
- External

Goals

- •Intrinsic
- Context
- Accessibility and Security

Life Cycle

- •Plan
- Design
- Build
- Use
- Evaluate
- Dispose

Good Practices

- Practices
- Work
- **Products**

•Addressed?

•Achieved?

•Managed?

•Applied?

Goal Indicator Metrics

Practice Indicator Metrics



Business Needs

Principle 5:

Governance

Direct

Evaluate

Management Feedback

Monitor

Management

Plan

(Align, Plan, Organize)

Build

(Build, Acquire Implement)

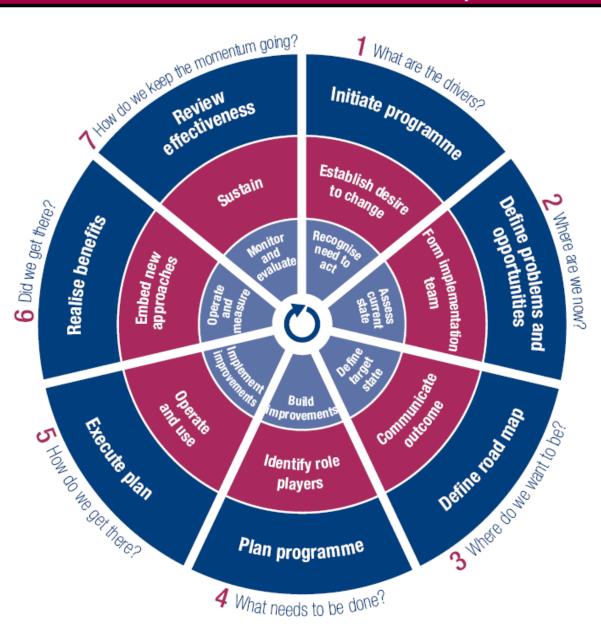
Run

(Deliver, Service, Support)

Monitor

(Monitor, Evaluate, **Assess**)

The Seven Phases of the Implementation Life Cycle



- Programme management (outer ring)
- Change enablement (middle ring)
- Continual improvement life cycle (inner ring)

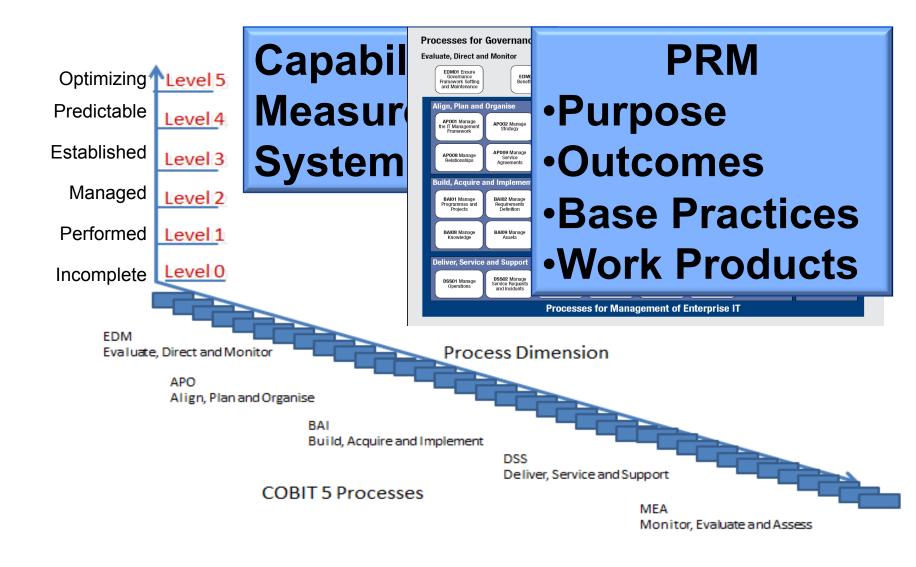


Process Capability Assessment Approach

- Detailed guidance for COBIT 5
- □ ISO/IEC 15504 Compliant method
- COBIT 5 Enabling Processes are defined as ISO/IEC 15504 compliant process reference model
- Raises bar incomplete process if there is not evidence (metrics and work products) that purpose/goals are largely achieved
- Aligns with ITIL TIPA Assessment method



COBIT 5 PAM







Enabling Processes



Personal Copy of: Ms. Debra L. Mallette

COBIT 5 Enabling Processes

- Goals Cascade
- Process model explanation
- Diagram of Model
- Details for 37 Processes:
 - Purpose
 - Practices
 - Goals & Metrics
 - Activities & RACI
 - Work Products

Processes for Governance of Enterprise IT

Evaluate, Direct and Monitor

EDM01 Ensure Governance Framework Setting and Maintenance

EDM02 Ensure Benefits Delivery EDM03 Ensure Risk Optimisation EDM04 Ensure Resource Optimisation EDM05 Ensure Stakeholder Transparency

Align, Plan and Organise Monitor, Evaluate and Assess APO03 Manage APO01 Manage APO06 Manage APO02 Manage APO07 Manage APO04 Manage APO05 Manage the IT Management Enterprise Budget and Costs Human Resources Strategy Innovation Portfolio Framework Architecture MEA01 Monitor, Evaluate and Assess Performance and APO09 Manage AP012 Manage APO13 Manage APO08 Manage APO10 Manage APO11 Manage Conformance Service Relationships Suppliers Risk Security Quality Agreements **Build, Acquire and Implement** BAI03 Manage BAI07 Manage BAI05 Manage BAI02 Manage BAI04 Manage BAI01 Manage Solutions Organisational BAI06 Manage Change Availability Programmes and Requirements Identification Change Changes Acceptance and MEA02 Monitor. Projects Definition and Capacity and Build Enablement Transitioning Evaluate and Assess the System of Internal Control BAI10 Manage BAI08 Manage BAI09 Manage Configuration Knowledge Assets **Deliver, Service and Support** MEA03 Monitor. Evaluate and Assess DSS02 Manage DSS05 Manage DSS06 Manage DSS01 Manage DSS03 Manage DSS04 Manage Compliance With Service Requests Security Business Operations Problems Continuity and Incidents External Requirements Services Process Controls **Processes for Management of Enterprise IT**

COBIT4.1 Framework

BUSINESS OBJECTIVES GOVERNANCE OBJECTIVES COBIT ME1 Monitor and evaluate IT performance. Define a strategic IT plan. ME2 Monitor and evaluate internal control. PO2 Define the information architecture. ME3 Ensure compliance with external requirements. PO3 Determine technological direction. ME4 Provide IT governance. PO4 Define the IT processes, organisation and relationships. PO5 Manage the IT investment. PO6 Communicate management aims and direction. P07 Manage IT human resources. POS Manage quality. PO9 Assess and manage IT risks. PO10 Manage projects. INFORMATION CRITERIA • Effectiveness • Efficiency • Confidentiality Integrity A variability Compliance Reliability MONITOR AND EVALUATE PLAN AND ORGANISE IT RESOURCES Applications Information Infrastructure People DELIVER AND SUPPORT ACQUIRE AND IMPLEMENT DS1 Define and manage service levels. DS2 Manage third-party services. All Identify automated solutions. DS3 Manage performance and capacity. Al2 Acquire and maintain application software. DS4 Ensure continuous service. Al3 Acquire and maintain technology infrastructure. DS5 Ensure systems security. DS6 Identify and allocate costs. Al4 Enable operation and use. Al5 Procure IT resources. DS7 Educate and train users. Al6 Manage changes. DS8 Manage service desk and incidents. AI7 Install and accredit solutions and changes. DS9 Manage the configuration. DS10 Manage problems. DS11 Manage data. DS12 Manage the physical environment. DS13 Manage operations.



COBIT 4.1 v.s COBIT 5

COBIT 4.1

- Governance embedded
- No Val IT and Risk IT
- IT Management and Audit focus

COBIT 5.0

- 5 Principles
- "Principle-driven" approach
- Bridge from COBIT4.1
- Enablers developed as "Pulled"



Summary

Processes for Governance of Enterprise IT

Evaluate, Direct and Monitor

Date: Thursday, March 7,

EDM01 Ensure Governance Framework Setting and Maintenance

EDM02 Ensure Benefits Delivery EDM03 Ensure Risk Optimisation EDM04 Ensure Resource Optimisation EDM05 Ensure Stakeholder Transparency

Page:25

Align, Plan and Organise Monitor, Evaluate and Assess APO03 Manage APO01 Manage APO02 Manage APO06 Manage APO07 Manage APO04 Manage APO05 Manage the IT Management Enterprise Budget and Costs Human Resources Strategy Innovation Portfolio Framework Architecture MEA01 Monitor, Evaluate and Assess Performance and APO09 Manage AP012 Manage APO13 Manage APO08 Manage APO10 Manage APO11 Manage Conformance Service Relationships Suppliers Risk Security Quality Agreements **Build, Acquire and Implement** BAI07 Manage BAI03 Manage BAI05 Manage BAI02 Manage BAI04 Manage BAI01 Manage Solutions Organisational BAI06 Manage Change Availability Programmes and Requirements Identification Change Changes Acceptance and MEA02 Monitor. Projects Definition and Capacity and Build Enablement Transitioning Evaluate and Assess the System of Internal Control BAI08 Manage BAI10 Manage BAI09 Manage Configuration Knowledge Assets **Deliver, Service and Support** MEA03 Monitor. Evaluate and Assess DSS02 Manage DSS05 Manage DSS06 Manage DSS01 Manage DSS03 Manage DSS04 Manage Compliance With Service Requests Security Business Operations Problems Continuity and Incidents External Requirements Services Process Controls

Processes for Management of Enterprise IT

2013 Conference



Thanks!

Great ideas need landing gear as well as wings. ~C.D. Jackson

Debra Mallette, CGEIT, CISA, CSSBB

Sr. Process Consultant/Specialist Enterprise Process Delivery Management (EPDM)

Kaiser Permanente

IT IMG Business & Supplier Management Services, EPDM (BSMS - Formerly IT IMG Supplier Services Management) 5810 Owens Drive, MS F-1039 Pleasanton, CA 94588

925 924 5123 (office) 8 504 5123 (tie line) 510 295 3217 (mobile phone) debra.mallette (sametime)

kp.org/thrive

Date: Thursday, March 7, 2013

ISACA Silicon Valley Chapter Spring 2013 Conference