#### Introductions

#### **KPMG Presenters:**

#### Jay Schulman

- Managing Director, Advisory
- KPMG National Leader Identity and Access Management





## Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. What is Cloud Computing?
- 3. The Identity Management Lifecycle
- 4. Identity in The Cloud
- 5. Why Now?
- 6. An Architecture for Identity in the Cloud
- 7. Glossary of Terms
- 8. KPMG IAM COE Team Contact Information



## **Understanding The Cloud Operating Environment**

Cloud Environment



Internet-based data access & exchange



Internet-based access to low cost computing & applications

Cloud Environment Characteristics:



Internet Accessibility Pooled Resources

Elastic Capacity Usage-Based Billing

#### **Cloud Service Models**

Software as a Service Business operations over a network

"SaaS"

Platform as a Service

Deploy customercreated applications to a cloud

"Paas"

Infrastructure as a Service

Rent processing, storage, network, other computing resources

"laaS"

Cloud Deployment Models	
Private	Operated for a single organization
Public	Available to the general public or large industry group, owned by an organization selling cloud services
Community	Shared by several organizations, supporting a specific community

## **Cloud Impact on Technology**

#### "Self" Provisioned & Maintained



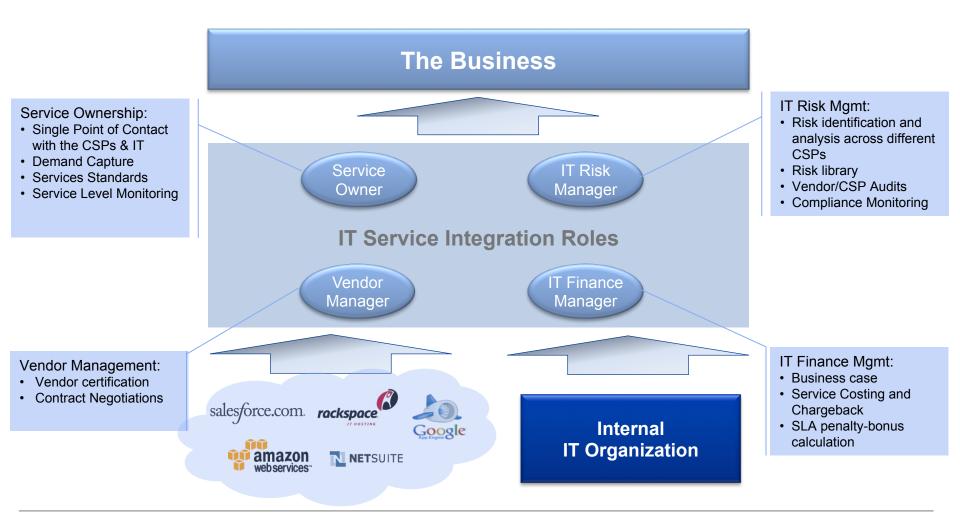
#### Virtualized "Utility" Consumption



"The rise of the cloud is more than just another platform shift that gets geeks excited. It will undoubtedly transform the information technology (IT) industry, but it will also profoundly change the way people work and companies operate."

- The Economist

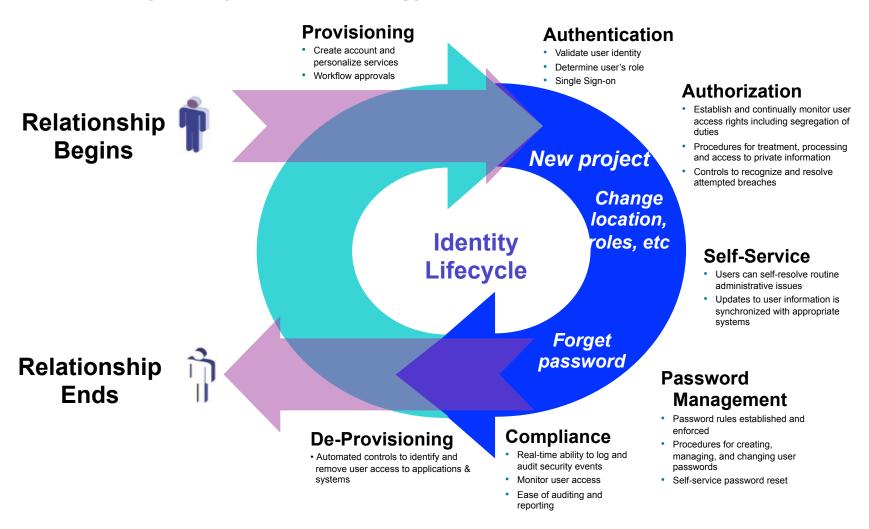
## Impact of cloud computing on IT Operating Model





## Identity and Access Management – Strategy and Architecture (cont.)

#### **User Identity Lifecycle Methodology**





## What is Identity in the Cloud?



## What is Hybrid IDM?

#### **Hybrid Identity Management for the Cloud**

#### **Traditional IDM**

Management of identities on systems located at owned and maintained data centers

Benefits: Control, Security

#### **Cloud Architecture**

Emphasis on moving infrastructure to a hosted environment

Benefits: Efficiency, Agility

#### **Hybrid IDM Solution**

Maintain IDM for local data centers and utilize **second** IDM instance for cloud based systems

Benefits: Control, Security, Efficiency, Agility



#### Focus:

- Internal Users
- External Party Intermediation

#### **Externally Managed**

#### Focus:

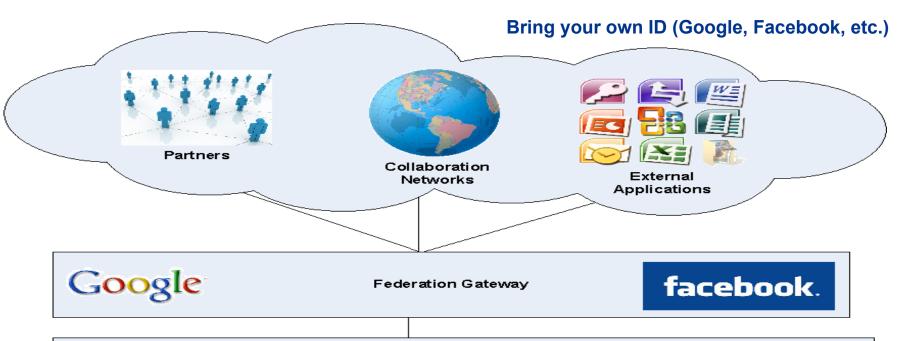
- Direct Connection with Key Partners
- Collaboration Communities

## **Getting Out of the Identity Business**

Why?

For What?







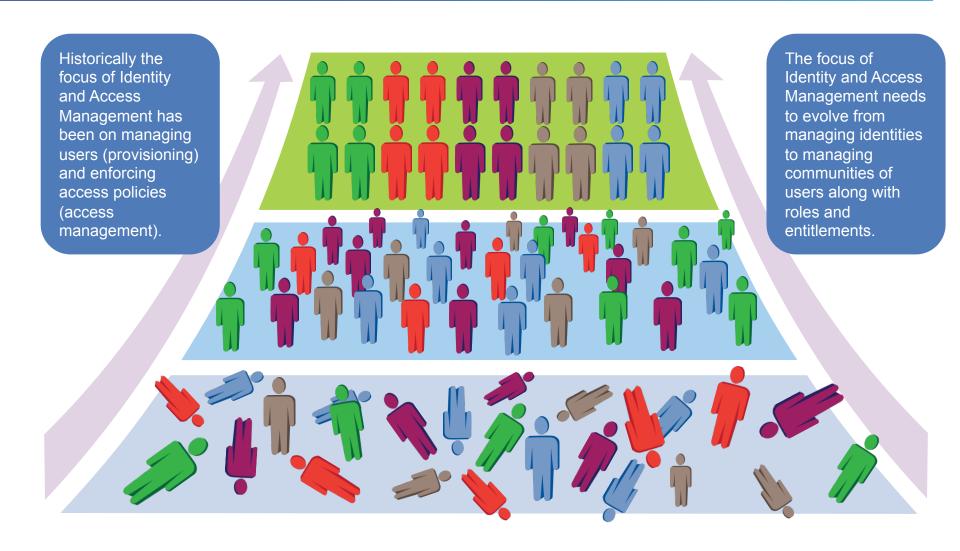




Internal Applications

Enterprise On-Premises Services

## **Enterprise Perspective: Macro Trends, Shifting Focuses**



## **Hybrid IDM in the Cloud – Use Cases**

#### **Big Box Retailer**

- -Vendors / Business Partners bring their own ID
- Will this model be the EDI for Identity?

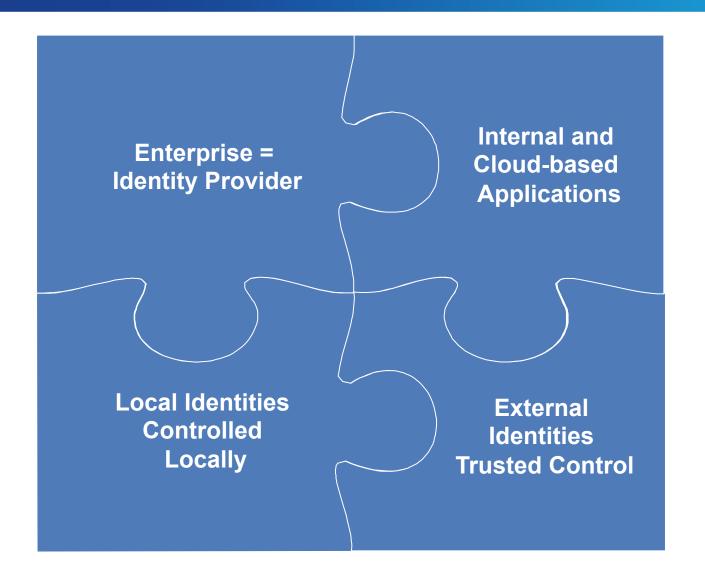
#### Manufacturer

-10,000 blue collar employees who login twice a year

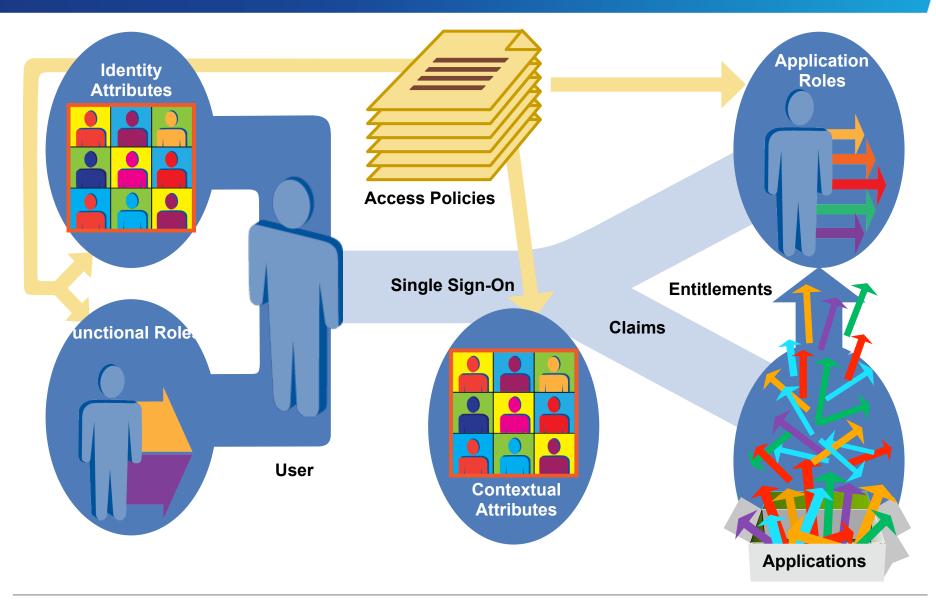
#### **Fast Food Giant**

-Almost 100,000 nonemployees who need training

## **Hybrid IDM in the Cloud – How It Works**

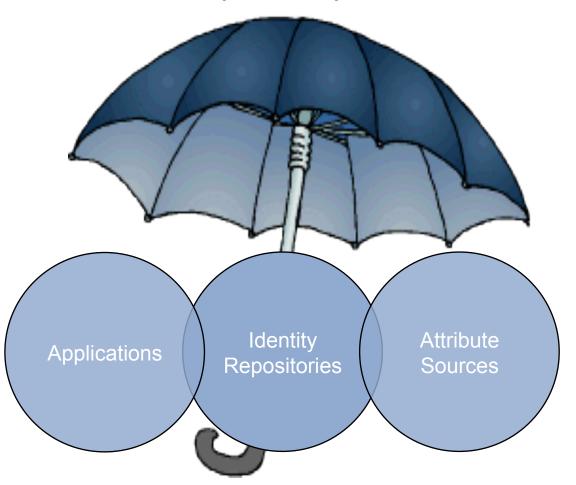


## **Hybrid Approach to Identity for the Cloud**



## Hybrid IDM is a Reality Check, not a Utopian Vision

# Enterprise = Gateway Identity Provider



Externalize authentication and authorization

- Single sign-on infrastructure
  - Cloud-based applications
  - Partner collaboration capabilities
- Lifecycle management
  - Authentication methods
  - Credentials
  - Attributes
  - Roles

## **Questions and Answers**





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