







# S24 – Virtualization Security from the Auditor Perspective

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## **Agenda**

- Virtualization Overview & Security Challenges
- Industry Best Practices
  - ISACA/CObIT Virtualization Security Checklist
  - Center for Internet Security (hardening best practices)
  - Payment Card Industry (Data Security Standard & Virtualization Information Supplement)
  - NIST Virtualization Guidance
- End-to-End Security and Compliance Guidance
- Q&A
- Resources









## Agenda

Virtualization Overview & Security Challenges





Virtual Machine

Applic

Ap



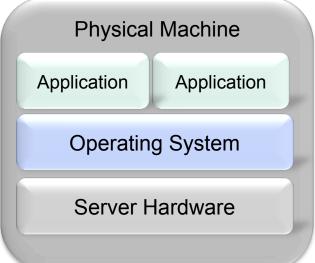
Virtual Machine

**Application** 

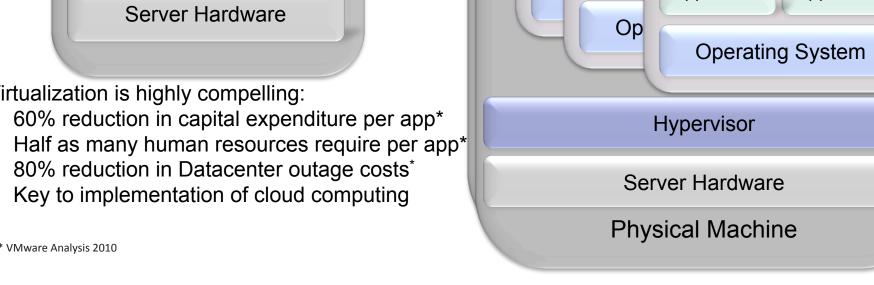
**Application** 



#### What is Virtualization?











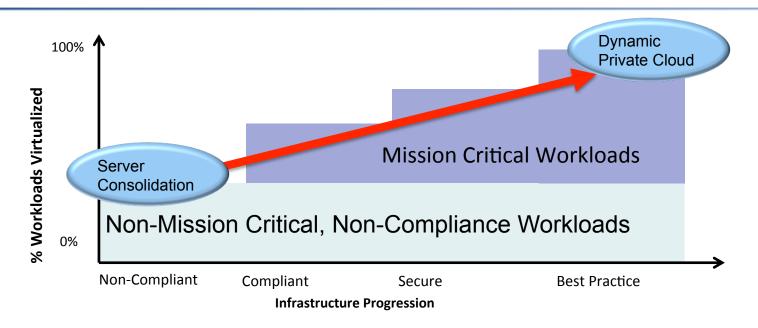








## Virtualization Progression



#### Despite high ROI, barriers to adoption remain

- 46% cite security as primary reason that adoption can be slowed\*
- 35% worry about insider threats‡
- 28% "very" or "extremely" concerned with security in virtual environment‡‡

\* Jeff Burt, eWeek Article, Sept. 2009 ‡ Prism Microsystems Survey of 300 orgs, 2010 ‡‡ Info Pro 2010 Security Study

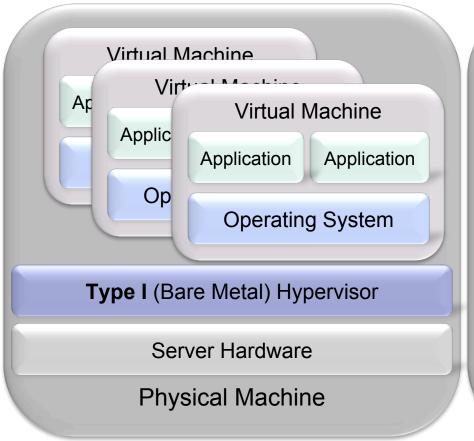


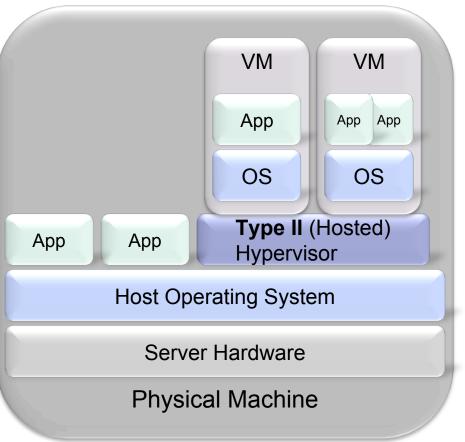






## **Challenge: Not All Hypervisors are Equal**





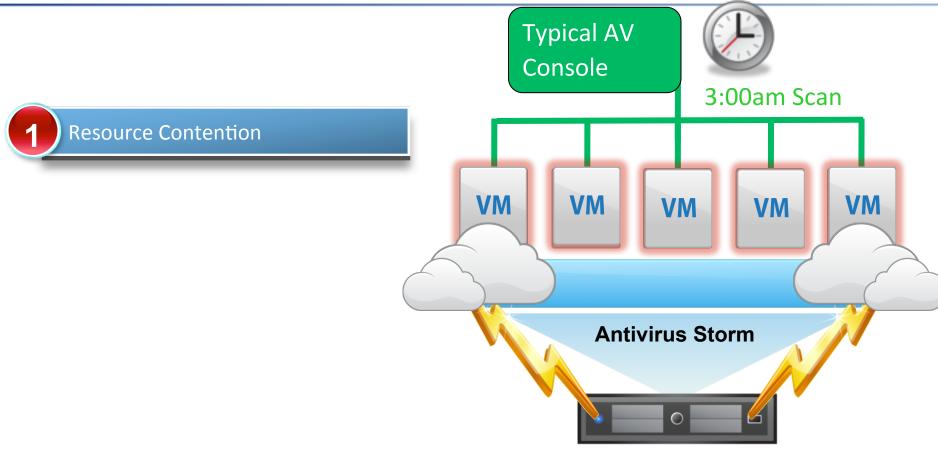








## **Security Challenge: Resource Contention**



**Antivirus scans & updates** overburden the Hypervisor & SAN



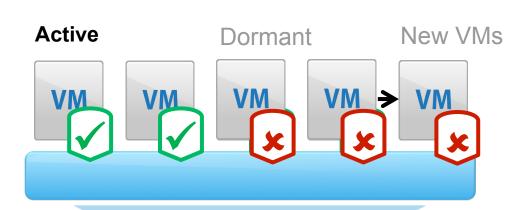






## **Security Challenge: Instant-on Gaps**

- 1 Resource Contention
- 2 Instant-on Gaps







Dormant VMs will be missing critical patches and contain out-of-date security controls and are subject to exploitation and compromise



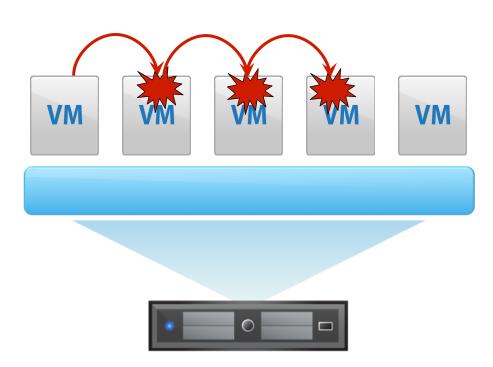






## **Security Challenge: Inter-VM Attacks**

- 1 Resource Contention
- 2 Instant-on Gaps
- 3 Inter-VM Attacks / Blind Spots



Attacks can spread across VMs



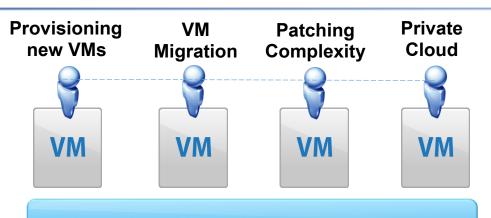






## **Security Challenge: Management**

- 1 Resource Contention
- 2 Instant-on Gaps
- 3 Inter-VM Attacks / Blind Spots
- 4 Complexity of Management







VM sprawl inhibits compliance







## Agenda

- Industry Best Practices
  - ISACA/CObIT Virtualization Security Checklist
  - Center for Internet Security (hardening best practices)
  - Payment Card Industry (Data Security Standard & Virtualization Information Supplement)
  - NIST Virtualization Guidance









## **CObIT**

ISACA Checklist Mapping To	CObIT Control Objective(s)
1. Securing the virtualization platform a. Platform and installation requirements	
1.a.1 Limit physical access to the host: only authorized administrative personnel should have physical access to the host system to prevent unauthorized changes.	PO4.9, DS12.3
1.a.2 Verify integrity of files prior to installation: verify the hash values of system files, as provided by the vendor, prior to installation to ensure integrity.	PO2.4, AI3.2
1.a.3 Load and enable only required operating system components and services: no unnecessary operating systems components (e.g., drivers) should be loaded, and no unnecessary services should be enabled (e.g., printing services, file sharing services).	Al3.2
1.a.4 BIOS, bootloader passwords: passwords should be used for BIOS and bootloaders (e.g., GRUB) for both hosts and guests.	DS5.3

Source: ISACA Virtualization-Security-Checklist-26Oct2010-Research.pdf









## **Center for Internet Security (CIS)**

- Working on VMware vSphere 4.1 benchmark, schedule dependent on volunteers
- vSphere 5 already released, no hardening guide from vendor or CIS or NSA or DISA stigs...
- Use vendor supplied benchmark: more current and vendor aligned with CIS and government requirements

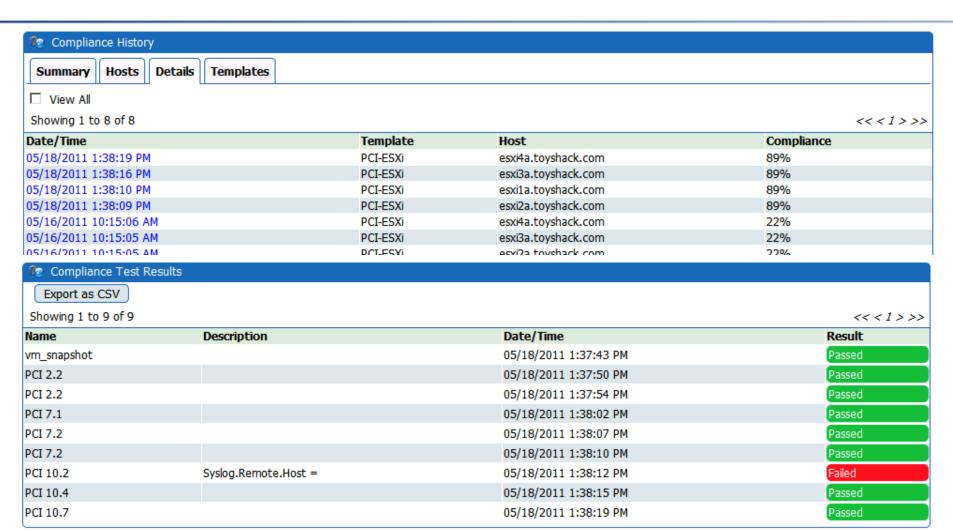








#### **Automate Configuration Compliance Reporting**



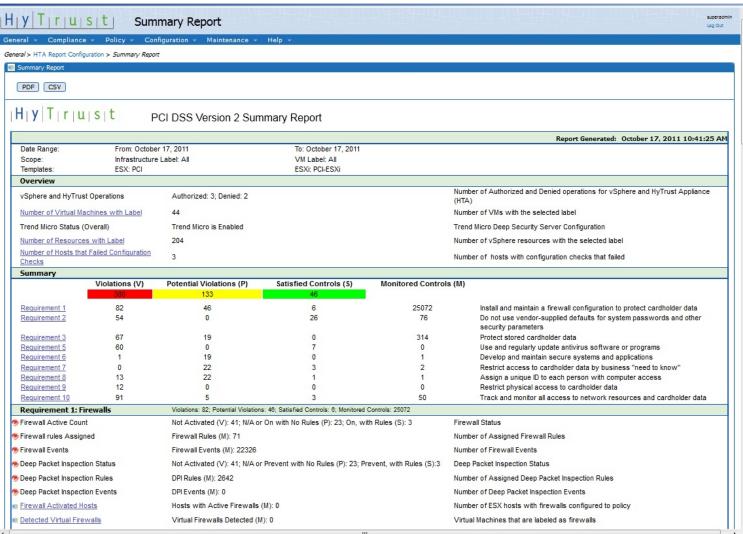








### **Automate Comprehensive Compliance Reporting**











## **PCI Data Security Standard**

- PCI Data Security Standard for protecting Cardholder Data
- Changes in PCI Data Security Standard version 2.0
  - Released October 2010; all assessments from Jan. 1, 2012 must be against 2.0
  - Explicitly states that System components include any virtualization components
  - Detailed virtualization guidance released as an Information Supplement in July 2011



Source: PCI DSS 2.0 Quick Reference Guide

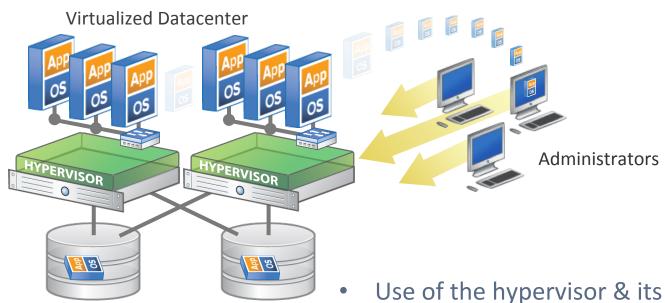








## **Challenges & Concerns When Virtualizing CDE**



- Scope: identify & consider
   'included in or connected to'
- Segmentation of different security/trust zones and workload tiers

- Use of the hypervisor & its management systems/interfaces/ consoles
- Storage of cardholder data
- Access control & separation of duties
- Logging and alerting









#### **CDE Virtualization Checklist**

- Take a risk-based approach: identify all CDE system components and note if virtual or physical, and their primary function and owner
  - Consider the risk aggregated when running multiple in-scope virtual machines/appliances/security appliances on a single or cluster of hypervisors and implement adequate PCI DSS controls
    - Secure the hypervisor as it is most critical system component (including its management system/interfaces/consoles)
  - Manage complete life-cycle of in-scope VMs
    - Secure VM-to-VM traffic that remains within the hypervisor(s)
    - Ensure in-scope VMs or other objects are not moved to non-compliant environments
    - Leverage optimized, virtualization-aware firewall and anti-virus solutions
- Update processes to account for the greater management flexibility
  - Pay attention to roles definition, access control and logging
    - Privileged access to the hypervisor



#### **NIST SP 800-125:**







## **Virtualization and Security Concerns**

- Additional layers of technology
- Many systems on a physical system
- Sharing pool of resources
- Lack of visibility
- Dynamic environment
- May increase the attack surface







## **Recommendations for Security for Full Virtualization Technologies**

- Risk-based approach
- Secure all elements of a full virtualization solution and perform continuous monitoring
- Restrict and protect administrator access to the virtualization solution
- Ensure that the hypervisor is properly secured
- Carefully plan the security for a full virtualization solution before installing, configuring, and deploying it









### **Summary of Threats and Countermeasures**

- Intra-guest vulnerabilities
  - Hypervisor partitioning
- Lack of visibility in the guest OS
  - Hypervisor instrumentation and monitoring
- Hypervisor management
  - Protect management interface, patch management, secure configuration
- Virtual workload security
  - Management of the guest OS, applications, data protection, patch management, secure configuration, etc
- Virtualized infrastructure exposure
  - Manage access control to the hardware, hypervisors, network, storage, etc.









## Agenda

End-to-End Security and Compliance Guidance

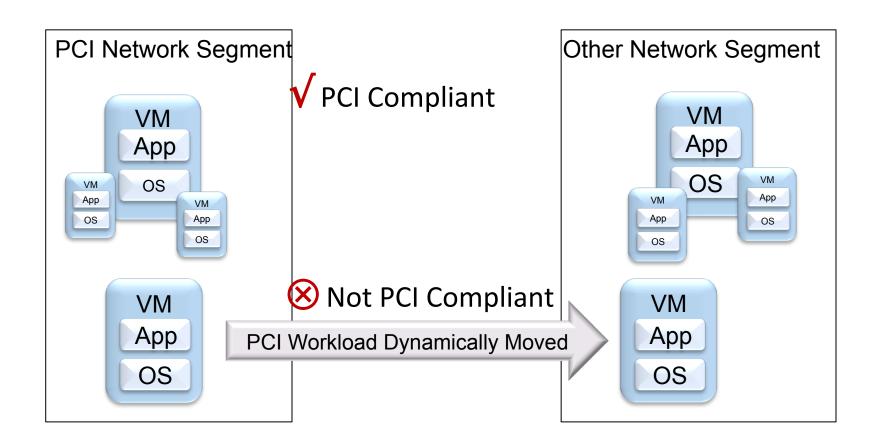








## **Compliance Challenge: Moving Workloads**



PCI = Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard

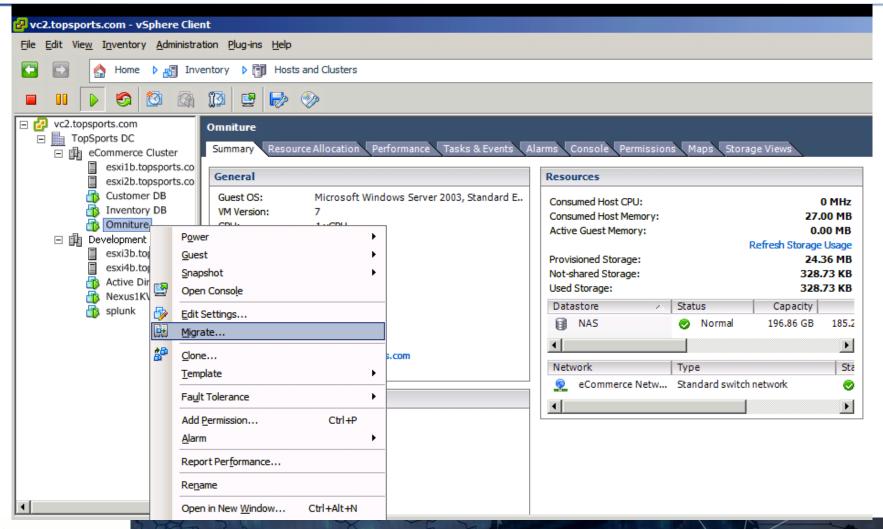








### **Non-Compliant VM Movement**



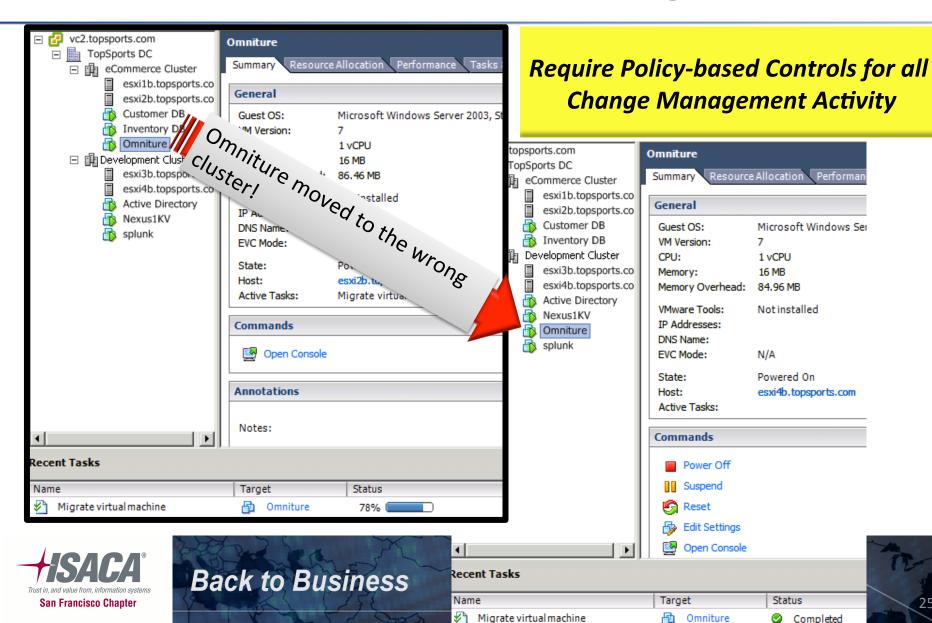






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## VM is now moved to the wrong cluster!

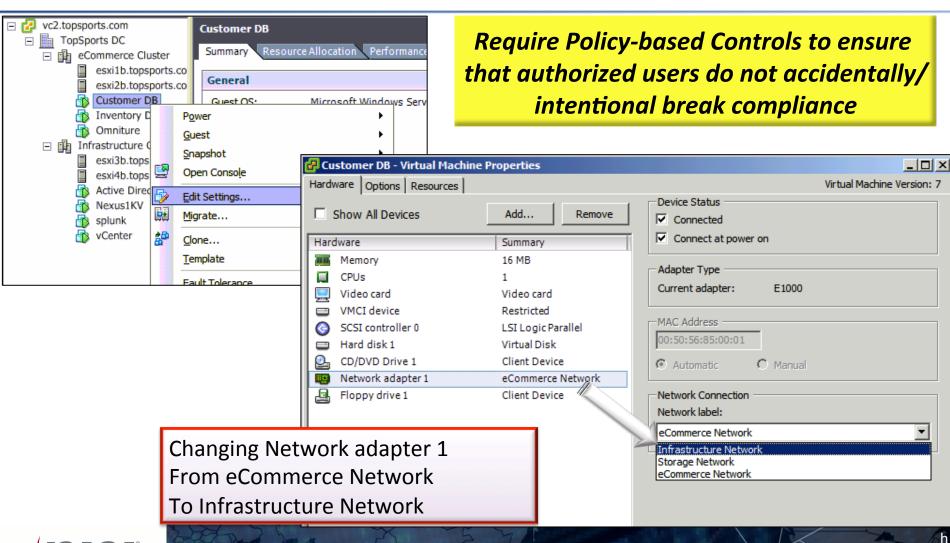








## VM reconfiguration: network change





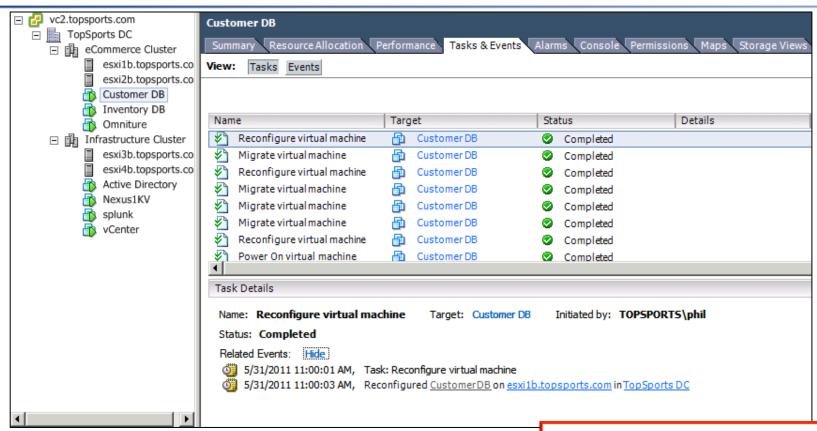
Back to Business







## **Compliance Challenge: Insufficient Logging**



Missing IP address and no indication that the network adapter was reconfigured









## **Insufficient Logging**

## Confusing host logs with insufficient details to identify specific action, no IP address or user

:03:29.734

host=splunk.topsports.com ▼ | sourcetype=esxi\_hosts ▼ | source=udp:514 ▼

May 31 10:54:29 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:07 Hostd: [2011-05-31 18:03:07.855 6938EB90 verbose 'DvsManager'] PersistAllDvsInfo called host=splunk.topsports.com • | sourcetype=esxi hosts • | source=udp:514 •

May 31 10:54:28 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:06 Vpxa: [2011-05-31 18:03:06.175 1BFD6B90 verbose 'App'] [VpxaHalServices] HostChanged Event Fired, properties changed []

host=splunk.topsports.com ▼ | sourcetype=<mark>esxi\_hosts</mark> ▼ | source=udp:514 ▼

May 31 10:54:28 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:06 Vpxa: [2011-05-1BFD6B90 verbose 'VpxaHalCnxHostagent'] [VpxaHalCnxHostagent: updates from 124750 to 124751 (at 124750) host-splunk.topsports.com v | sourcetype=esxi hosts v | source=udp:514 v

May 31 10:54:28 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:06 Vpxa: [2011-05 1BFD6B90 verbose 'VpxaHalCnxHostagent'] Received callback in host-splunk.topsports.com v | sourcetype-esxi hosts v | source-udp:514 v

May 31 10:54:28 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:06 Vpxa: [2011-05-1BFD6B90 verbose 'App'] [VpxaInvtHost] Increment master gen. : LicenseManager:VpxaInvtHostLicenseManagerListener::LicenseCharhost=splunk.topsports.com + | sourcetype=esxi\_hosts + | source=udp:514 +

Require log records with sufficient details for all virtual admin actions to allow for monitoring/investigation/forensics

May 31 10:54:28 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:06 Vpxa: [2011-05-31 18:03:06.172 1BFD6B90 verbose 'App'] [VpxaHalServices] LicenseManagerChange Event fired host=splunk.topsports.com • | sourcetype=esxi\_hosts • | source=udp:514 •



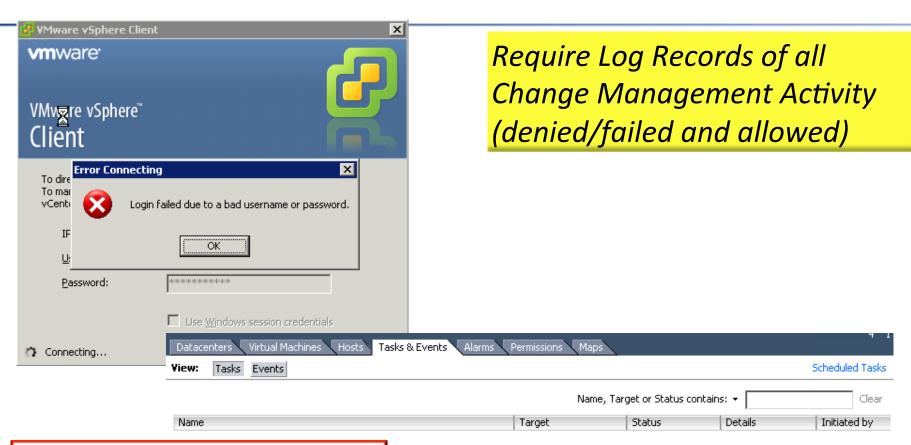
May 31 10:54:28 192.168.10.151 May 31 18:03:06 Vpxa: [2011-05-31 18:03:06.172 1BFD6B90 verbose 'VpxaHalCnxHostagent'] [VpxaHalCnxHostagent::ProcessUpdate] Applying updates from 124749 to 124750 (at 124749) host=splunk.topsports.com | | sourcetype=esxi hosts | | source=udp:514 | |







## **Compliance Challenge: Insufficient Log Records**



No log message is recorded. Violates most policies and

standards.



Back to Business







## **End-to-End Security & Compliance Guidance**

- Virtualization increases the risk and complexity of compliance so engage your auditors early to streamline the audit process
- Look beyond traditional security vendors for solutions that address virtualization specific requirements (hypervisor/VM controls)
- View virtualization as an <u>opportunity to improve your</u> <u>current processes</u>
  - reporting, monitoring, inter-VM controls, etc.
  - achieve objectives that you always wanted in physical environments but could not afford or were restricted by legacy infrastructure
- Embrace virtualization with a virtualization by default approach and build compliance into the default mode of operation









## **Questions?**









#### Resources

- ISACA Virtualization Checklist http://www.isaca.org/Knowledge-Center/Research/Documents/
   Virtualization-Security-Checklist-26Oct2010-Research.pdf
- http://www.isaca.org/Knowledge-Center/Research/ResearchDeliverables/ Pages/Virtualization-Benefits-and-Challenges.aspx
- PCI Security Standards Council: <u>https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/index.php</u>
- NIST: <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/index.html">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/index.html</a>
- Adaptive Computing: <a href="http://www.adaptivecomputing.com">http://www.adaptivecomputing.com</a>
- HyTrust: http://www.hytrust.com/resources/main
- Trend Micro: <u>http://us.trendmicro.com/us/solutions/enterprise/security-solutions/compliance/</u>

