

Introduction to Change Management

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Discussion Topics

- Why change management and its significance
- Types of changes in production environment
- Change management policies/procedures
- Change Management Controls
- Commonly adopted Change Management tools/ packages
- Impact of weak Change Management Control
- Integrity Management
- Change Management Best Practices



Why Change Management and its significance?





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Why Change Management and its significance?

Why Change Management and its Significance? Types of Changes in 2 Production Environment Change Management 3 Policies and Procedures Change 4 Management Controls Commonly adopted Change 5 Management tools/ packages Impact of weak 6 **Change Control** Integrity Management Change 8 Management Best **Practices**



- Change management it is significant because it helps an organization by efficiently
 - Adapting to change
 - Controlling change
 - Effecting change

Adapting to change

Controlling change

Effecting change

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Types of Changes Changes in Production Environment

Why Change Management and its Significance?

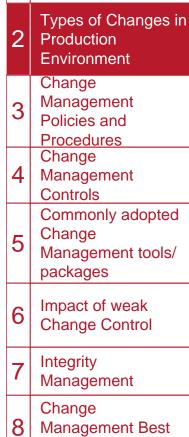
- Types of Changes in 2 Production Environment Change Management 3 Policies and Procedures Change 4 Management Controls Commonly adopted Change 5 Management tools/ packages Impact of weak 6 **Change Control** Integrity
 - Management
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- OS changes (Host)
- Network changes (hardware/Software)
- Application changes (database)
- Physical access changes
- Logical access changes

Types of Changes OS changes (Host)

Why Change Management and its Significance?



Practices

Applying OS patches

- OS vendor recommendation
- Opening/closing OS services

Re-imaging

- As a backup plan when an OS update didn't go as planned
- As part of major/minor/emergency application changes



Types of Changes Network Changes

Why Change Management and its Significance?



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Software changes

- Deploying network equipment's OS
- Patching network equipment's OS

Configuration Changes

 Updating firewall, router, switches etc configuration

Hardware changes

 Adding/removing of network equipments

Types of Changes Application Changes

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Company specific application change

 Major, minor, and emergency changes

Database changes

- Schema changes
- Database upgrades (version upgrade)

Types of Changes Physical Access Change

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Management Best **Practices**



High level physical access to datacenter

- Deter an authorized personnel from gaining root level access through a system consol
- In an event where a terminated employee's logical access is still active
- In an event when a temporary physical access to production systems is not deactivated



Types of Changes Logical Access Change

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Practices

OS Access Change - privileged access to Production/mission critical server

- **Application Access Change -**Privileged access to Production/mission critical application
 - Network Access Change -Privileged access to network equipment



Why Change Management and its Significance?

Types of Changes in

2 Production Environment



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- 6 Impact of weak Change Control

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What is Change Management policy/ procedure

- It is the process of planning, organizing, controlling, executing and monitoring changes that affect the delivery of IT services.
- It encompasses additions, modifications and deletions to that environment
 - Types of changes: systems, network, processes, and environmental facilities.

Why Change Management and its Significance?

Types of Changes in

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4 Management Controls Commonly adopted Change Management tools

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Change Management process goals

- It ensures that standardized methods and procedures are used for efficient and prompt handling of all Changes,
- It minimizes the impact of Changerelated incidents upon service quality, and consequently to improve the dayto-day operations of the organization.

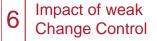
Why Change Management and its Significance?

Types of Changes in

2 Production Environment



4 Change Management Controls 5 Commonly adopted Change Management tools/ packages



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Change Management policies/ procedures benefits

- Better align IT services to business requirements
- Increase visibility and communication of Changes to both business and service-support staff
- Improve risk assessment
- Better assess the cost of proposed changes before they are incurred
- Reduce adverse impact of changes on the quality of services and on Service Level Agreements

Why Change Management and its Significance?

> Production Environment

Policies and

Procedures

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Types of Changes in

Change Management

Prioritizing changes

- Amount of downtime to a system or a service
- Amount of lead time required by the change
- Type of service
 - Severity of the situation requiring the change
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Types of Changes in

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Categories of changes

- Routine maintenance changes Low
 - No projected downtime of production systems
 - Approved by a unit manager
 - Applied during the standard scheduled maintenance window
 - Example: updating ACL lists in a router



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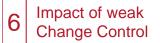
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Planned changes – Medium

- Will result in any interruption of service
 - Require prior notification of changes to appropriate constituencies
 - Example: upgrading memory

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- Change 4 Management Controls Commonly adopted Change 5 Management tools/ packages Impact of weak
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Emergency changes – High

- Service may interrupt if the change is not made immediately
- Be approved by management prior to implementation (verbal is accepted)
- Have appropriate notification to constituencies before production implementation
 - Example: A server has been compromised and needs to be shut down and reconfigured to restore the security



Why Change Management and its Significance?

Types of Changes in

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- 4 Management Controls
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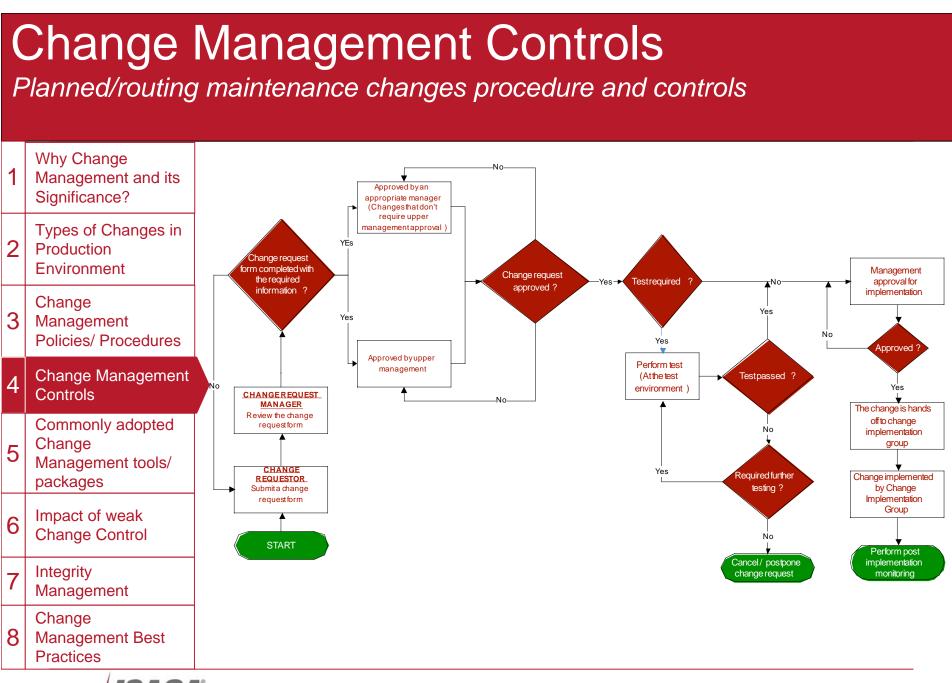
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System recovery – Urgent

- The system/service is already down
- Production support stuff respond to resolve the problem
 - Example: database or application has crashed.

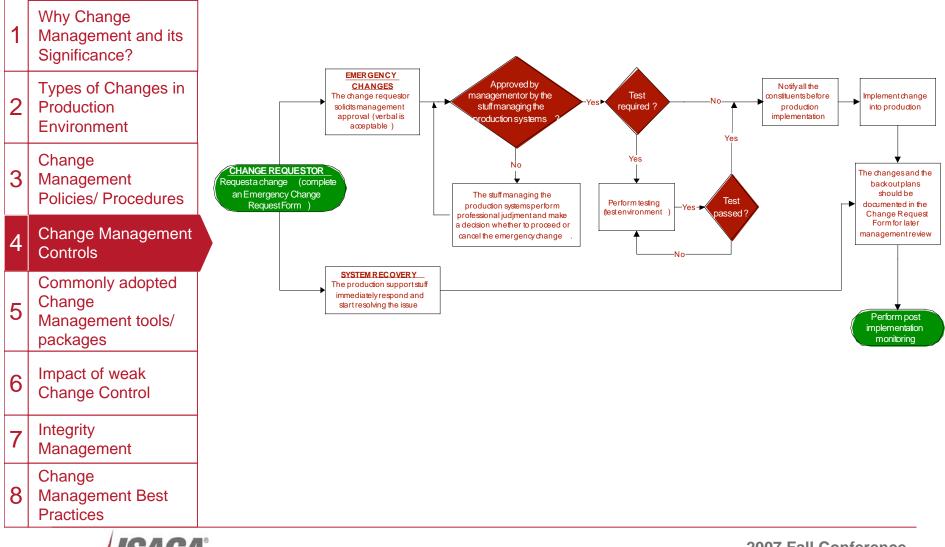




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Change Management Controls

Emergency/System Recovery change procedure and controls





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Commonly adopted

Change management tools/ packages

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Impact of weak Change controls

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- Potential for system outages
- Prone to **unplanned**, **unauthorized** and **undocumented** changes
- Unauthorized and undocumented changes
 - Causes an explained additional problems or outages
 - Causes an unplanned changes as a problem is troublesome to resolve due to the prior undocumented changes

Change Management Control – Impact of weak Change controls

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Prone to system attack – cause denial of services

Miss use of resource

- Unplanned work
- impose monetary lose

Causes legal implication

- Due to the exposure of sensitive customer data
- Due to system unavailability to customers

Losing a customer/ business

Integrity Management – Preventing, Detecting and

responding to changes in production systems.

Why Change Management and its Significance?

Prevention

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- Restrict logical access

- Firewall, IDS, OS, and Application levels
- Restrict physical access
 - Restrict physical access that houses critical systems to ONLY authorized employees
 - Perform periodic physical access reviews

Integrity Management – Preventing, Detecting and

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Why Change Management and its Significance?

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Types of Changes in

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Integrity Management

Detection

- Monitor metadata and look for a change
 - Create, store, and monitor a baseline metadata values
 - Metadata values: modification time, file size, and cryptographic checksum

Integrity Management Software

- Reads files or directories to monitor
 - critical network configuration, data files, customer database files, documents and spreadsheets.
- Takes action when a violation (change) occurs

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Integrity Management – Preventing, Detecting and

responding to changes in production systems.

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Types of Changes in

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Recovery

- Maintain a backup copy of the production data
- Identify changes based on the Integrity Management Software report
- Determine whether a change is authorized or not
- Restore a file if the change is deemed unauthorized or malicious



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Change Management Policy, Procedure, and standards

- **Change Result Management**
- Change Request Management
- **Deployment Management**
- Monitor application and networks
- **Approval Process**

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Change Management Policy, Procedure, and standards

- integrated with and communicated to IT and management
- Roles and responsibilities
 - Define and designate qualified personnel's roles
 - Segregation of duties (SOD)
 - Communicate to the organization
 - Enforce throughout the change management process

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Result Management

- Put a process in place to capture periodic Key Performance Indicators about the entire Change Management Process
 - Process bottlenecks, successful techniques etc
- Use the KPIs (by management) to make adjustments to the change management procedure and practices

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Change Request Management

- Business and IT management perform rigorous a change request review
- Manage the change request throughout the change management life cycle.

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Change Request Analysis

- Business Analysis
 - The likelihood of success
 - Significance to business
 - Resources required and Business justification
- Technical Analysis
 - System dependencies
 - Technical requirement
 - Project estimate

Why Change Management and its Significance?







Change Request Reporting

- Make the change requests visible to the management
- Retain status of the change request when it is analyzed, prioritized, tested, and deployed

Why Change Management and its Significance?



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Project Management

- 'High' Category Changes A team of business managers reviews change requests and prioritizes them based on business needs.
- 'Low/Medium' Category Changes A team of IT personnel reviews change requests and prioritize them based on business needs.
- Managing and allocating resources for Urgent and Low/Medium change requests.

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Deployment Management

- Logical environment (separate)
 Development, Test/QA, and
 Production
- Deployment process
 - High category changes
 - Low/Medium category changes
 - Emergency changes
- Technology leverage
 - To provide auditability and versioning throughout the deployment process

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Monitor application and networks

Integrity checks – using automated monitoring tools

Approval Process

- Appropriate approval should be obtain between the different phases of change management process.
- Management approval should be documented





Introduction to Change Management

Q & A

